



More Plural Endings

Más Terminaciones Plurales

La mayoría de las palabras añadan *s* cuando hablamos de dos o más cosas:

one thing	five things	una cosa	cinco cosas
one paper	six papers	un papel	seis papeles
one star	many stars	una estrella	muchas estrellas

Cuando una palabra termina en *-s*, *-sh*, *-ch*, *-x*, or *-z*, usamos no solo *-s*, pero *-es*:

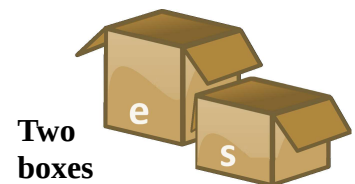
one church	two churches	una iglesia, dos iglesias
one box	two boxes	una caja, dos cajas

How many things are there? ¿Cuántas cosas hay?

There are _____ four box es in the church.

_____ five box _____ in the library.

_____ many box _____ in the bank now.

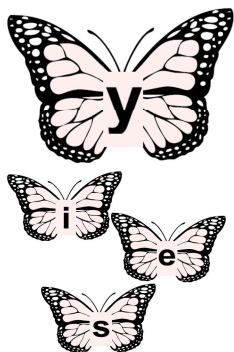


There are three church _____, four store _____, and two bank _____ here.

There are six bird _____ here and nine bird _____ in the tree there.

Cuando una palabra termina en *-y*, usamos no solo *-s*, pero *-ies* en lugar de *-y*:

one library	two libraries	un biblioteca, dos bibliotecas
one butterfly	three butterflies	una mariposa, tres mariposas
one strawberry	three strawberries	una fresa, tres fresas

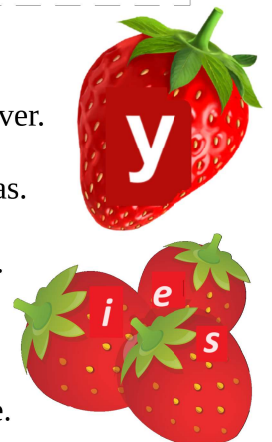


There are many good _____ (*bibliotecas*) in Denver.

There are eight good _____ (*bibliotecas*) in Dallas.

There are three _____ (*fresas*) here.

There are three very good _____ (*fresas*) and
three very happy _____ (*mariposas*) here.





Please Say That Again

Por Favor, Dilo de Nuevo

a little *un poco*

now *ahora*

I'm sorry. *Lo siento.*

Do you understand?

Yes, I understand

¿Entiende/s/en?

Sí, entiendo.

No, I don't understand.

I'm sorry, I don't understand.

No, no entiendo.

Lo siento, no entiendo.

I understand a little.

Ah, now I understand.

Entiendo un poco.

Ah, ahora entiendo.

to speak *hablar*

more *más*

slowly *lentamente*

_____ Slowly _____, please.

Despacio, por favor.

More _____, please.

Más despacio, por favor.

Speak more _____, please.

Hable más despacio, por favor.

Please, speak more _____.

Por favor, hable más despacio.

to say *decir*

again *otra vez*

quickly, fast *rapidamente*

Please say that again.

Please say that again more slowly.

Por favor, dilo otra vez.

Por favor, dilo otra vez más despacio.

Please say "zoo."

Please say "zoo" again.

Por favor diga "zoo". (zoológico)

Por favor, diga "zoo" otra vez.

Please say "zoo" again slowly.

Please say "zoo" again more slowly.

Por favor diga "zoo" otra vez lentamente.

Por favor diga "zoo" otra vez más lentamente.

Please say "zoo" quickly.

Please say "zoo" more quickly.

Please say "zoo" quickly again and again.

Por favor, diga "zoo" rapidamente.

Por favor, diga "zoo" más rapidamente.

Por favor, diga "zoo" rapidamente una y otra vez.



Where?

¿Donde?

where *dónde, donde*

here, over here *aquí*

there, over there *allí/ahí*

Con “over here” y “over there” la gente usualmente indican un lugar con un gesto.

Where am I?

¿Dónde estoy?

Where is he?

¿Dónde está él?

Where are you?

¿Dónde estás?

Where is she?

¿Dónde está ella?

Where are we?

¿Dónde estamos?

Where is it?

¿Dónde está este/ese?

Where are they?

¿Dónde están?

She is there.

Ella está allí.

He is over there. *Él está allí.*

She's there.

Ella está allí.

He's over there. *Él está allí.*

Where is the library?

¿Dónde está la biblioteca?

It is here.

Eso está aquí.

The library is here.

La biblioteca está aquí.

It's here.

Eso está aquí.

Where are _____ the boxes? They are _____ here.

_____ the children? _____ over here.

_____ the tables? _____ over there.

Where is _____ the dog? It is _____ over there.

_____ the bird? _____ here.

_____ the purple thing? _____ here.

Para oraciones negativos añadimos not antes del verbo:

Where is my father? He is not here. _____

Where is my brother? _____

Where is my mother? _____

Where is my sister? _____

Where are the strawberries (*fresas*)? They are not here. _____

Where are the butterflies (*mariposas*)? _____

Where are my sisters? _____

Review Repaso

Do you speak English? _____

Do your parents speak French (*francés*)? _____

Do you speak English slowly or quickly? _____

Do you speak Spanish slowly or quickly? _____

Stories Historias

Matt says: Please help me, Jill. Do you know where my orange tiger is? It is not in my house.

Jill says: Oh, no! Is it in your car?

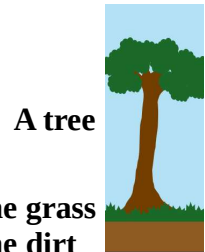
Matt says: No, the tiger is not in my car.

Jill says: Is it in the library? Or in a store? Or in a church?

Matt says: No, it is not in any library or any store or any church. The tiger is not happy in libraries or stores or churches. The tiger is happy in the grass (*césped*) and dirt (*tierra*).

Jill says: Is it in the tree there?

Matt says: Yes! There is my tiger. But there are three tigers in that tree. Why are there two more tigers?



Jill says: I don't know why there are two more tigers in that tree. But now you have three tigers, Matt!

Matt says: Hi Sam! This is my friend (*amigo*) Gabe and my friend (*amiga*) June.

Sam says: Nice to meet you, Gabe and June.

Matt says: Please help me, Sam. Gabe and June don't speak English. They speak French. I speak a little French, very slowly. Do you speak French, Sam?

Sam says: No, I don't speak French. I speak a little Spanish. Spanish and French are a little similar but they are not the same.

Matt says: Gabe and June have to drive (*tienen que manejar*) to Denver now but they don't know where Denver is. Do you know where Denver is?

Sam says: I don't know where Denver is, but I know what to do (*hacer*). Your phones (*celulares*) know where Denver is. Please give me your phones. Thank you...I am finished! Now your phones speak French. Here are your phones. Now you are ready to drive to Denver.

Matt says: Thank you, Sam!

Congratulations (*Felicidades*)! You understand two stories (*historias*) in English!